

# ONONDAGA COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

(A DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT OF THE COUNTY OF ONONDAGA, NEW YORK)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2018 and 2017

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Onondaga County **Industrial Development Agency** 

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Onondaga County Industrial Development Agency (the Agency), a component unit of the County of Onondaga, New York (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Agency's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency, as of December 31, 2018, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Report On Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedule of revenue bonds and other bonds (conduit debt obligations), as required by New York State General Municipal Law §859 (1) (b), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedule of revenue bonds and other bonds (conduit debt obligations) is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedule of revenue bonds and other bonds (conduit debt obligations) is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 12, 2019, on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulation, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Syracuse, New York March 12, 2019

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

This section of the Onondaga County Industrial Development Agency's (the Agency), a discretely presented component unit of Onondaga County, New York (the County), annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Agency's financial performance during the year ended December 31, 2018. It should be read in conjunction with the Agency's financial statements and accompanying notes.

#### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The annual financial report of the Agency consists of two parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) and the basic financial statements and footnotes. The Agency is a self supporting entity. The accounts are recorded in accordance with a proprietary fund type and consist of an enterprise fund. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases and decreases in net position. The financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency does not maintain separate fund accounts.

#### **Condensed Comparative Financial Information**

	Year Ended December 31,							
		2018		2017	2016			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,299,335	\$	3,088,219	\$	3,191,090		
Accounts receivable		753,472		418,138		381,602		
Grant receivables		268,734		-		-		
Notes receivable		2,083		47,916		93,750		
Restricted cash		1,642		1,642		1,642		
Capital assets		3,634,691		4,489,640		4,032,143		
Total assets		6,959,957		8,045,555		7,700,227		
Current liabilities		456,255		506,271		131,812		
Total liabilities		456,255		506,271		131,812		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		3,634,691		4,489,640		4,032,143		
Restricted		1,642		1,642		1,342		
Unrestricted		2,867,369		3,048,002		3,543,630		
Total net position	\$	6,503,702	\$	7,539,284	\$	7,577,115		

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

#### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (continued)

#### **Condensed Comparative Financial Information** (continued)

	Year Ended								
	December 31,								
		2018		2017		2016			
Operating revenues	\$	1,782,767	\$	711,916	\$	2,570,901			
Operating expenses		2,827,856		745,757		757,375			
Operating income (loss)		(1,045,089)		(33,841)		1,813,526			
Other revenue		9,507		4,710		7,412			
Capital Contributions						367,222			
Change in net position		(1,035,582)		(29,131)		2,188,160			
Net position - beginning of year		7,539,284		7,568,415		5,380,255			
Net position - end of year	\$	6,503,702	\$	7,539,284	\$	7,568,415			

Change in financial categories between the year ended December 31, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017 include the following:

- The Agency's total net position decreased \$1,035,582 primarily due to the demolition of buildings on the Agency's Hiawatha property, resulting in a loss on disposal of \$877,739.
- Total cash decreased \$788,884 due to current operations, which included cash spent on the Agency's Hiawatha property totaling \$699,722 in the past year, which related to demolition costs and pollution remediation costs.
- Operating Revenues increased to \$1,782,767 in 2018 compared to \$711,916 in 2017. This 150% increase is due to a \$922,956 increase in Agency and other fees for a total of \$1,427,729. Significant Agency fees included \$413,075 for Morgan Baldwinsville, LLC; \$278,125 for G&C Food Distributors; and \$243,750 for NexGen Power Systems, Inc.
- Operating Expenses, increased \$2,082,099. The demolition of buildings on the Agency's Hiawatha property resulted in a non-cash expense of \$877,739 plus cash expenses of \$699,722 for the actual demolition costs and pollution remediation costs. The Agency also spent \$403,100 on its White Pines development site for an electric and natural gas study related to the site.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

#### **Analysis of Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations**

The Agency is engaged in activities to support economic growth in Onondaga County, including job creation and retention, and increasing the net wealth of the County. The Agency does not receive any general appropriations from local, county or state government to support its operations. The Agency collects revenue for its operating purposes from the issuance of bonds and straight lease transactions and from interest on investments. In the year ended December 31, 2018, the Agency received \$1,092,395 from agency and other fees, an increase of \$624,158 from the prior year.

The Agency's staff services are provided by the Onondaga County Office of Economic Development. The Agency compensates the County for these services based on budgeted expenses; in 2018 the expenses totaled \$551,834.

#### **Capital Asset Administration**

As of December 31, 2018, the Agency's investment in capital assets was \$3,634,691, net of depreciation. The Agency's capital assets include the White Pine Commerce Park (WPCP, formerly known as the Clay Business Park), land, buildings and equipment. WPCP is a 339 acre undeveloped industrial park in the Town of Clay. The Agency acquired the land in the park for the purpose of attracting a large commercial/industrial project in the Town of Clay. Additionally, in 2015 the Agency acquired property on North Salina Street, in the City of Syracuse, and is leasing the premises to Onondaga Community College to house a workforce development training program. Finally, the Agency continued to invest in the rehabilitation of the real property at 800 Hiawatha Blvd, also in the City of Syracuse.

### **Contacting the Agency's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide Onondaga County citizens and taxpayers, and the clients of the Agency, with a general overview of the Agency's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Executive Director, Onondaga County Industrial Development Agency, 333 West Washington Street, Suite 130, Syracuse, New York 13202.

### **Statements of Net Position**

ASSET	S	
	2018	2017
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 2,299,335	3,088,219
Receivables - agency fees	531,448	196,114
Grant receivables	268,734	-
Notes receivable, current portion		45,817
Total current assets	3,099,517	3,330,150
Non-Current Assets		
Restricted cash	1,642	1,642
Receivables - other agency fees	222,024	222,024
Notes receivable, net of current portion	2,083	2,099
Capital assets, net	3,634,691	4,489,640
Total noncurrent assets	3,860,440	4,715,405
Total assets	\$ 6,959,957	\$ 8,045,555
LIABILITIES and N	ET POSITION	
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	176,998	139,259
Due to Onondaga County	279,257	367,012
Due to other governments		
Total liabilities	456,255	506,271
Net investment in capital assets	3,634,691	4,489,640
Restricted	1,642	1,642
Unrestricted Net Position	2,867,369	3,048,002
Total net position	6,503,702	7,539,284
	\$ 6,959,957	\$ 8,045,555

### Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2018	2017		
Operating Revenue:				
Agency and other fees	\$ 1,427,729	504,773		
Pass-through income	51,420	43,910		
Rent income	12,250	10,000		
Grant revenue	277,209	125,000		
Otherincome	14,159	28,233		
Total operating revenues	1,782,767	711,916		
Operating Expenses:				
Contractual support services	551,834	452,017		
Pass-through expense - Destiny USA Real Estate, LLC	-	-		
General and administrative	1,188,235	102,998		
Industrial development contracts	35,723	-		
Service contracts	12,498	12,500		
Pass-through expense	51,420	43,910		
Depreciation expense	16,267	39,022		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	877,739	-		
Professional fees	50,211	49,742		
Other expenses	28,144	5,606		
Property related expenses	-	18,990		
Seminars and meetings	15,785	20,972		
Total operating expenses	2,827,856	745,757		
Operating Income	(1,045,089)	(33,841)		
Non-Operating Income:				
Interest income	9,507	4,710		
Income before contributions	(1,035,582)	(29,131)		
Capital Contributions - building improvements				
Change in Net Position	(1,035,582)	(29,131)		
Net Position - beginning of the year	7,539,284	7,568,415		
Net Position - end of year	\$ 6,503,702	\$ 7,539,284		

### **Statements of Cash Flows**

	Years Ended December 31,				
		2018		2017	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash received for agency and other fees	\$	1,092,395	\$	468,237	
Cash received for grants		8,475		125,000	
Cash paid for industrial development		(35,723)		-	
Cash paid for service contracts		(12,498)			
Cash paid for contractual support services		(551,834)		(182,820)	
Cash received for rent and other fees		26,409		38,233	
Cash payments for professional services		(51,529)		(48,062)	
Cash payments for other property expenses		-		(18,990)	
Cash payments for general and administrative expenses		(1,275,990)		(118,524)	
Cash payments for other operating expenses		(28,144)		(5,606)	
Cash received and due to other governments		-		(2,057)	
Cash paid for seminars and meetings		(15,785)		(20,445)	
Net cash flows from operating activities		(844,224)		234,966	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Purchases of capital assets				(388,381)	
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities				(388,381)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Net change in notes receivable		45,833		45,834	
Net cash flows from investing activities		45,833		45,834	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Net cash received for interest on notes outstanding		9,507		4,710	
Net cash flows from financing activities		9,507		4,710	
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(788,884)		(102,871)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning of year		3,089,861		3,192,732	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end of year	\$	2,300,977	\$	3,089,861	
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statements of the Net Position					
Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,299,335		3,088,219	
Restricted Cash		1,642		1,642	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,300,977	\$	3,089,861	

### **Statements of Cash Flows** (continued)

		Years Ended December 31,				
	2018		2017			
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Flows From						
Operating Activities:	\$	(1,045,089)	\$	(33,841)		
Operating Income						
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash						
flow from operating activities:						
Depreciation		16,267		39,022		
Loss on disposal of capital assets		838,682		-		
Changes in:						
Accounts receivable		(335,334)		(36,536)		
Grant receivable		(268,734)				
Accounts payable		37,739		(819)		
Due to Onondaga County		(87,755)		269,197		
Due to other governments				(2,057)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(844,224)	\$	234,966		

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 1. Organization

The New York State Industrial Development Agency Act of 1969 provided for the use of industrial revenue bond financing for the expansion and growth of industry in New York State. The Onondaga County Industrial Development Agency (the Agency) was created in accordance with the provisions of this Act in 1970 by a resolution passed by the County of Onondaga, New York (the County) Legislature.

The Agency was formed to promote and develop the economic growth of the County and to assist in attracting industry to the County through bond and sale/leaseback financing programs and other activities. The Agency created under this Act is a corporate governmental agency constituting a public benefit corporation. The County Legislature appoints the entire governing board and there is a potential for the County to impose its will on the Agency, and as such, the Agency is a discretely presented component unit of the County based on the criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The Agency operates as a proprietary fund. Proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) and deferred inflows and outflows associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

The Agency utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or an economic asset is used.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### **Income Tax Status**

The Agency is a governmental corporation, exempt from federal and state income taxes. New York State Public Authorities Law, Title 10, Section 2975-A established a cost recovery of central governmental services to various public authorities. On November 1 of each year, the Director of the Division of Budget determines the assessment amount owed under this section by each industrial development agency in New York State.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash held in checking and money market accounts.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable are stated at their outstanding balances. The Agency considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible. If collection becomes doubtful, the Agency will either set up an allowance for doubtful accounts or if deemed completely uncollectible, the accounts will be charged against income in the current period. Unpaid balances remaining after the stated payment terms are considered past due. Recoveries of previously charged off accounts are recorded when received.

Management did not believe an allowance for doubtful accounts was necessary at December 31, 2018 and 2017.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital asset purchases are recorded at historical cost or fair market value at the date of acquisition. Depreciation expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful life of 5 to 39 years. The Agency's policy is to capitalize all additions greater than \$1,000 with a useful life of more than 5 years.

#### **Pollution Remediation Obligations**

Pollution remediation obligation are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities. Obligations to clean up spills of hazardous wastes or hazardous substances and obligations to remove contamination such as asbestos are pollution remediation obligations. Pollution remediation activities may include the following: (1) pre-cleanup activities, such as site assessments and site investigations, (2) cleanup activities, (3) government oversight and enforcement-related activities and (4) operation and maintenance of the remedy, including postremediation monitoring. Pollution remediation outlays including outlays for property, plant and equipment are expensed when a liability is incurred. The Agency will capitalize certain pollution remediation outlays for properties for which it anticipates a future sale. The Agency will only capitalize amounts that would result in the carrying amount of the property to not exceed its estimated fair value upon completion of the remediation. The Agency currently has a parcel of land with known pollution and is currently performing various remediation activities. The carrying amount of this parcel of land is \$604,840 as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Operating Revenues and Non-operating Revenues**

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position distinguishes between operating and non-operating revenues. Operating revenues, such as fee and rental income, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activities of the Agency. Exchange transactions are those in which each party to the transaction receives or gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues arise from exchange transactions not associated with the Agency's principal activities and from all non-exchange transactions.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Agency and other fee revenue are recognized by the Agency at the date of closing when the related bonds are issued. Interest income is recorded when earned.

#### **Net Position**

GASB requires the classification of net position into three components. These classifications are displayed in three components below:

- a. Net investment in capital assets capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position all other assets that do not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

It is the Agency's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Other Income

The County and Onondaga County Development Corporation (OCDC) entered into an agreement in 2014, whereas the Agency will be paid 60% of the net sale proceeds of property within Hancock Field for a total amount of \$348,387. As of December 31, 2018, the Agency has earned \$220,092 from property sales and the amount due from OCDC totals \$114,916.

#### 3. Tax Abatement Programs

The Industrial Development Agency Act (the "Act") of New York State sets forth the powers that the Agency can carry out. In accordance with the Act, the Agency was created to stimulate economic development, growth, and general prosperity for the people of Onondaga County by using incentives, rights, and powers in an efficient and cooperative manner. Qualified Agency projects are eligible for sales, mortgage, and real property tax exemptions. The Agency many also assist a projects' financing by issuing taxable and tax exempt bonds and by providing information on complementary financing such as fixed asset and working capital lending programs.

The Agency has instituted a Uniform Tax Exemption Policy ("UTEP") (last revised 6/20/16) which provides guidelines for the granting of real property, mortgage recording, and sales and use tax exemptions. To be eligible for financial assistance, the recipient of the financial assistance must abide by the requirements of this policy and complete an application process as instituted by the Agency.

In accordance with New York State General Municipal Law, the Agency has instituted a Recapture Policy (last revised 6/20/16) which allows for the recapture of financial incentive assistance provided to recipients for failure to comply with such Recapture Policy. New York State requires a mandatory recapture of the New York State portion of sales and use taxes for recipients for which the recipient was a) not entitled to; b) in excess of the amounts authorized by the Agency; c) for property or services not authorized by the Agency; and/or d) for a recipient that has failed to comply with material term or condition to use of the property or services in the manner required by any of the project documents between the recipient and the Agency. With respect to all other financial assistance provided to the recipient, the Agency shall have the right to suspend, discontinue, recapture or terminate financial assistance to any recipient to the extent that: a) for projects that utilized local sales and use tax exemptions, the project was not entitled to such exemptions, such exemptions were in excess of the amounts authorized by the Agency, and/or such exemptions were for property or services not authorized by the Agency; b) the recipient, upon completion of their project, fails to reach and maintain at least 75% of its employment requirements for job creation and/or retention; c) the total investment actually made with respect to the project at the project's completion date is less than 75% of its investment requirement; d) the recipient fails to provide annually to the Agency certain information to confirm that the project is achieving the investment, job retention, job creation, and other objectives of the project; or e) there otherwise occurs any event of default under any project document or material violation of the terms and conditions of any project document.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### 3. Tax Abatement Programs (continued)

The Agency has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes. The Agency has chosen to disclose information about its tax abatement agreements individually. The Agency has listed all of its projects that were approved for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	December 31, 2018							
			_					
Project	Mortgage		Sales	PILOT	Total			
NexGen	\$ -	\$	40,000	\$ 3,099,659	\$ 3,139,659			
Immediate Mailing Services, Inc.	9,750		56,000	43,395	109,145			
d.b.a Upstate Coin & Gold	7,350		200,000	121,171	328,521			
G & C Food Distributors & Brokers, Inc. #2	133,500		700,000	1,746,601	2,580,101			
DOT Foods, Inc.	-		118,144	-	118,144			
Addcom Electronics	-		25,000	22,797	47,797			
Morse Manufacturing Co., Inc.	18,750		240,000	499,611	758,361			
ArmouredOne, LLC	26,250		428,400	205,566	660,216			
Specialists' One Day Surgery, LLC	-		552,790	1,723,776	2,276,566			
Towne Center Retirement Community, LLC	587,000		1,568,551	-	2,155,551			
Syracuse Label Co., Inc.	12,045		216,000	253,300	481,345			
Old Thompson Road, LLC	100,000		508,442	1,068,665	1,677,107			
	\$ 894,645	\$	4,653,327	\$ 8,784,541	\$14,332,513			

	December 31, 2017						
		Abatement					
Project	Mortgage	Sales	PILOT	Total			
Specialists' One Day Surgery	\$ -	\$ 552,790	\$ 1,723,776	\$ 2,276,566			
United Radio	34,088	4,080	209,352	247,520			
Air Innovations Inc.	9,000	80,000	-	89,000			
Old Thompson Road LLC (Feldmeier Equipment)	114,649	424,952	1,068,665	1,608,266			
Shining Stars Daycare Inc.	18,750	64,000	-	82,750			
Morse Manufacturing Company	18,750	100,000	499,611	618,361			
	\$ 195,237	\$ 1,225,822	\$ 3,501,404	\$ 4,922,463			

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 4. Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments

The Agency follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conform with federal, state and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Executive Director.

Monies must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within and authorized to do business in New York State (the State). Collateral is required for deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are those identified in New York State General Municipal Law, Section 10 and outlined in the New York State Comptroller's Financial Management Guide.

#### **Interest Rate**

Risk Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The Agency has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.)

#### **Credit Risk**

The Agency's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The Agency's investments and deposit policy authorizes the Agency to purchase the following types of investments:

- Obligations of the United States of America;
- Obligations where payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America;
- Obligations of New York State;
- Special time deposit account; and
- Certificates of deposit.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the Agency's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the Agency including certificates of deposit and special time deposits, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIA) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to the aggregate amount of deposits.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 4. Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments (continued)

The Agency restricts the securities to the following eligible items:

Obligations issued, or fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States of America, an agency thereof or a United States government sponsored corporation;

- Obligations partially insured or guaranteed by an agency of the United States of America;
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by the State of New York;
- Obligations issued by a municipal corporation, school district or district corporation of New York State;
- Obligations issued by states (other than New York State) of the United States of America rated in one
  of the two highest rating categories by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating
  Organization (NRSRO).

The Agency maintained cash balances of approximately \$889,216 and \$888,862 in cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2018, and 2017, respectively, with financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per bank for interest bearing and non-interest bearing accounts. The remaining balance was collateralized by a third party in accordance with New York State General Municipal Law, Section 10 and the Agency's policies.

#### 5. Restricted Cash

In accordance with an agreement between the Agency and Blue Sky Redevelopment Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of New York State Urban Development Corporation (Urban Development Corporation), certain payments received from Griffin Environmental Company are restricted for purposes to be agreed on by the Agency and the Urban Development Corporation. The Agency's share of cash restricted under this agreement amounted to \$1,642 at December 31, 2018 and 2017.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### 6. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable consisted of the following at December 31:

	2	2018	2017	
Note receivable from Aquarii, Inc. payable in monthly installments of \$2,083 plus 4.5% interest per annum through January 2019	\$	2,083	\$	29,166
Note receivable from Simple Admit, LLC. Payable in monthly installments of \$2,083 plus 6.0% interest per				10 750
annum through August 2018.		<u> </u>		18,750
Total	\$	2,083	<u>\$</u>	47,916
Future maturities as of December 31, 2017: 2019 Total	\$ \$	2,083 2,083		

### 7. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning					Ending
	Balance	In	Increases		ecreases	Balance
Non depreciable land:						
White Pines	\$ 2,427,146	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,427,146
435 North Salina	17,084		-		-	17,084
437 North Salina	26,340		-		(26,340)	-
800 Hiawatha	604,840					604,840
Subtotal	3,075,410				(26,340)	3,049,070
Depreciable:						
Buildings	1,482,727				(848,305)	634,422
Furniture and Fixtures	2,862		_		-	2,862
Subtotal	1,485,589		_		(848,305)	637,284
Total capital assets	4,560,999		_		(874,645)	3,686,354
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings	68,423		16,267		(35,889)	48,801
Furniture and Fixtures	2,862		_		-	2,862
Total	71,285		16,267		(35,889)	51,663
Net capital assets	\$ 4,489,714	\$	(16,267)	\$	(838,756)	\$ 3,634,691

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 7. Capital Assets (continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Non depreciable:				
Land	\$ 2,617,562	\$ 457,774	\$ -	\$ 3,075,336
Subtotal	2,617,562	457,774		3,075,336
Depreciable:				
Buildings	1,444,022	38,705	-	1,482,727
Furniture and Fixtures	2,862			2,862
Subtotal	1,446,884	38,705		1,485,589
Total capital assets	4,064,446	496,479		4,560,925
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	29,441	38,982	-	68,423
Furniture and Fixtures	2,862			2,862
Total	32,303	38,982		71,285
Net capital assets	\$ 4,032,143	\$ 457,497	\$ -	\$ 4,489,640

### 8. Agency-Induced Financings

The total amount of industrial development, civic facility and pollution control financing issued through the Agency outstanding as of December 31, 2018 amounted to approximately \$128,444,000. These financing obligations are not obligations of the Agency as the Agency acts a conduit for the obligations. The Agency does not have the obligation to repay the principal and interest of such obligations, as such, the obligations are not reflected as long-term obligations of the Agency.

#### 9. Due to Onondaga County

The Agency will reimburse the County for a portion of the cost of operation of the Onondaga County Office of Economic Development. In exchange for this funding, the staff of the office provides operational and project implementation support services for the Agency. Maximum funds committed by the Agency were \$551,834 and \$452,017 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Agency owed \$279,257 and \$367,012 to the County at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 10. Property Leases and Bonds Payable

In accordance with its corporate purpose, the Agency has issued bonds to promote and develop various businesses within the County. The Agency holds legal title to the properties, under which such bonds were issued in order for business to acquire or renovate various facilities. The Agency's primary function is to arrange financing between borrowing companies and bondholders (conduit debt). For providing this service, the Agency receives administration fees from the borrowing companies. Total bonds outstanding were \$128,443,800 and \$131,487,963 at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, which represent non-recourse debt of the Agency. The Agency does not have the obligation to repay the principal and interest of such obligations, as such, the obligations are not reflected as long-term obligations of the Agency.

#### 11. Payments in Lieu of Taxes Agreements (Pilot)

The Agency has entered into PILOT agreements with various companies whereas the company will make annual payments in lieu of taxes to the Agency and the Agency will remit the annual payments to the appropriate tax jurisdictions. The Agency records a liability for any amounts paid by companies to the Agency but not distributed to the tax jurisdictions as of yearend. Total due to other governments was \$0 at December 31, 2018 and 2017.

#### 12. Operating Lease

On February 1, 2016, the Agency entered into a lease agreement with Onondaga Community College (OCC) which allowed OCC to lease building space for educational purposes. In lieu of a monthly rental fee, OCC agreed to perform improvements to the space that became the property of the Agency upon installation and will not revert back to OCC upon lease termination on January 31, 2021. The initial terms of the lease agreement were amended and the new terms commenced on July 1, 2016. The lease agreement now provides for guaranteed rent of \$9,000 per year through the new lease termination on January 31, 2026.

#### 13. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Agency to credit risk consist principally of unsecured note receivable.

#### 14. Subsequent Events

In preparing the financial statements, management of the Agency has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through March 12, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no additional events or transactions that were discovered during the evaluation that required further disclosure.

# Supplemental Schedule of Revenue Bonds and Other Bonds (Conduit Debt Obligations) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Project Number	Description of Financing	Closing Date	Interest at issuance	Current Interest Rate	Bonds Outstanding at January 1, 2018	Incurred During 2018	Paid During 2018	Bonds Outstanding at December 31, 2018	
	OCIDA Pollution Control Revenue Bonds								-1.1
3101-06-10-C	(Anheuser-Busch Project) 2006 Series B	July 21, 2006	4.95%		\$ 2,200,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,200,000	7/1/2036
	OCIDA Sewage Facilities Revenue Bonds (Bristol-								
3101-94-01A	Myers Squibb Company Project) Series 1994	March 29, 1994	5.75%		35,000,000	-	-	35,000,000	3/1/2024
3101-99-12A	OCIDA Multi-Mode Civic Facility Variable Rate Revenue Bonds (The Christian Brothers Academy of Syracuse, New York Project) Series 1999A OCIDA Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Discovery Center of Science and Technology Project) Series	November 1, 2010	5.00%	5.00%	1,675,000		685,000	990,000	6/30/2020
3101-95-01A	1995	July 1, 1995	4.00%		2,978,000	-	-	2,978,000	7/1/2020
2101 07 164	OCIDA Variable Rate Demand Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (G.A. Braun, Inc. Project Societ 2007	December 20, 2007	2.27%	2.01%	C 050 000		250.000	5.800.000	C /1 /2024
3101-07-16A	Project) Series 2007  OCIDA Multi-Modal Revenue Bonds (G.A. Braun,	December 20, 2007	2.21%	2.01%	6,050,000	-	250,000	5,800,000	6/1/2034
3101-15-08B	Inc. Project) Series 2015A	December 15, 2015	2.03%	2.58%	2,847,000			2,847,000	12/1/2041
3101-15-08B	OCIDA Multi-Modal Revenue Bonds (G.A. Braun, Inc. Project) Series 2015B (Taxable)	December 15, 2015	2.97%	3.74%	2,620,048	-	139,832	2,480,216	12/1/2026
			9	Subtotal	\$ 53,370,048	\$ -	\$ 1,074,832	\$ 52,295,216	_

# Supplemental Schedule of Revenue Bonds and Other Bonds (Conduit Debt Obligations) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Project			Interest at	Current Interest	Bonds Outstanding at	Incurred	Paid During	Bonds Outstanding at December 31,	Term Ending
Number	Description of Financing	Closing Date	issuance	Rate	January 1, 2018	During 2018	2018	2018	Date
	OCIDA Variable Rate Demand Industrial								
	Development Revenue Bonds (ICM Controls Corp.								
3101-07-05C	Project) Series 2007	December 20, 2007	6.30%	2.10%	2,775,000	-	275,000	2,500,000	12/1/2027
	OCIDA Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Manlius								
3101-04-11A	Library Project) Series 2005	April 28, 2005	4.00%	4.63%	1,005,000	-	65,000	940,000	12/15/2029
	OCIDA Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Marcellus								
3101-07-13A	Free Library Project) Series 2007	June 29, 2007	4.00%	4.13%	1,495,000	-	120,000	1,375,000	6/1/2027
	OCIDA Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Minoa Free								
3101-03-07A	Library Project) Series 2004A	February 1, 2004	5.00%	5.38%	675,000	-	25,000	650,000	2/1/2034
	OCIDA Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Onondaga								
3101-07-21A	Free Library Project) Series 2008	March 1, 2008	4.00%	5.13%	2,370,000	-	70,000	2,300,000	3/1/2037
	OCIDA Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Salina Free								
3101-02-01A	Library Project) Series 2002A	December 1, 2002	5.20%	5.68%	480,000	-	45,000	435,000	12/1/2026
	OCIDA Revenue Bonds (Syracuse Research								
3101-96-11A	Corporation Project) Series 1997	December 1, 1997	7.70%	1.76%	1,900,000	-	430,000	1,470,000	12/1/2021
	OCIDA Variable Rate Demand Civic Facility								
	Revenue Bonds (Syracuse Research Corporation								
3101-05-15B	Project) Series 2005	December 14, 2005	7.70%	1.76%	11,540,000	-	680,000	10,860,000	12/1/2031
	OCIDA Variable Rate Demand Civic Facility								
	Revenue Bonds (Syracuse Home Association								
3101-06-11B	Project) Series 2007	June 21, 2007	4.00%	4.00%	9,300,000	-	640,000	8,660,000	6/30/2027
				Subtotal	\$ 31,540,000	\$ -	\$ 2,350,000	\$ 29,190,000	

# Supplemental Schedule of Revenue Bonds and Other Bonds (Conduit Debt Obligations) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

				Current	Bonds		2.12	Bonds Outstanding at	
Project Number	Description of Financing	Clasing Data	Interest at	Interest Rate	Outstanding at	Incurred	Paid During 2018	December 31, 2018	Date
Number	OCIDA Tax-exempt Multi-Modal Revenue Bonds	Closing Date	issuance	nate	January 1, 2018	During 2018	2010	2016	Date
	(Syracuse Label Co., Inc. Project) Series 2015								
3101-15-04A		November 16, 2016	1.92%		6,236,618	_	338,034	5,898,584	12/1/2041
3101 13 04A	(icissucu)	14046111061 10, 2010	1.5270		0,230,010		330,034	3,030,304	12/1/2041
	OCIDA Civic Facility Variable Rate Revenue								
3101-07-19A	Bonds (Syracuse University Project) Series 2008	January 30, 2008	6.90%	1.70%	28,125,000	-	950,000	27,175,000	7/1/2037
	OCIDA Multi-Modal Variable rate Civic Facility								
	Revenue Bonds (YMCA of Greater Syracuse, Inc.								
3101-02-08A	Project) Series 2003A	November 9, 2003			4,320,000	-	435,000	3,885,000	11/1/2025
	OCIDA Tax-exempt Revenue Bonds (Old								
3101-17-04B	Thompson Road, LLC Project) Series 2017A	December 1, 2017		2.87%	9,245,000	-	-	9,245,000	12/1/2042
	OCIDA Tax-exempt Revenue Bonds (Old								
3101-17-04B	Thompson Road, LLC Project) Series 2017B	December 1, 2017		2.87%	755,000	-	-	755,000	12/1/2042
		Carryforward subtotal - page 21			\$ 53,370,048	\$ -	\$ 1,074,832	\$ 52,295,216	
		Carryforward subtotal - page 22		. <u>-</u>	31,540,000	-	2,350,000	29,190,000	_
		Grand Total		•	\$ 133,591,666	\$ -	\$ 5,147,866	\$128,443,800	= <b>=</b>